



June 8, 2007

Tim Willard
Fuqua & Yori
28 the Circle
Georgetown, De 19947

RE: PLUS review – PLUS 2007-05-05; David Lui

Dear Mr. Willard

Thank you for meeting with State agency planners on May 23, 2007 to discuss the proposed rezoning for David Lui.

According to the information received, you are seeking a rezoning of 3 acres from AR-1 to C-1 for warehouse and office space.

Please note that changes to the plan, other than those suggested in this letter, could result in additional comments from the State. Additionally, these comments reflect only issues that are the responsibility of the agencies represented at the meeting. The developers will also need to comply with any Federal, State and local regulations regarding this property. We also note that as Sussex County is the governing authority over this land, the developers will need to comply with any and all regulations/restrictions set forth by the County.

This proposal is located in Investment Level 4 according to the *Strategies for State Policies and Spending*, and is within the low density area according to the Sussex County certified comprehensive plan. **The comments in this letter are technical, and are not intended to suggest that the State supports this development proposal. This letter does not in any way suggest or imply that you may receive or may be entitled to permits or other approvals necessary to construct the development you indicate or any subdivision thereof on these lands.**

The following are a complete list of comments received by State agencies:

Office of State Planning Coordination – Contact: Bryan Hall 739-3090

This project represents a major land development that will result in an unknown amount of warehouse and office space in an Investment Level 4 area according to the 2004 *Strategies for State Policies and Spending*. Investment Level 4 indicates where State investments will support agricultural preservation, natural resource protection, and the continuation of the rural nature of these areas. New development activities and suburban development are not supported in Investment Level 4 areas. These areas are comprised of prime agricultural lands and environmentally sensitive wetlands and wildlife habitats, which should be, and in many cases have been preserved.

From a fiscal responsibility perspective, development of this site is likewise inappropriate. The cost of providing services to development in rural areas is an inefficient and wasteful use of the State's fiscal resources. The project as will bring commercial buildings to an area where the State has no plans to invest in infrastructure upgrades or additional services. To provide some examples, the State government funds 100% of road maintenance and drainage improvements for the transportation system, 100% of school transportation and paratransit services, up to 80% of school construction costs, and about 90% of the cost of police protection in the unincorporated portion of Sussex County where this development is proposed.

Because the development is inconsistent with the *Strategies for State Policies and Spending*, the State is opposed to this proposed subdivision.

Division of Historical and Cultural Affairs – Contact: Alice Guerrant 739-5685

The Division of Historical and Cultural Affairs is not in favor of this zoning change to commercial in Level 4. They agree with other agencies that a conditional use permit would be more appropriate.

Department of Transportation – Contact: Bill Brockenbrough 760-2109

Because this development is proposed for a Level 4 Area, it is inconsistent with the *Strategies for State Policies and Spending*. As part of our commitment to support the *Strategies*, DelDOT refrains from participating in the cost of any road improvements needed to support this development and is opposed to any road improvements that will substantially increase the transportation system capacity in this area. DelDOT will only support taking the steps necessary to preserve the existing transportation infrastructure and make whatever safety and drainage related improvements are deemed appropriate and necessary. The intent is to preserve the open space, agricultural lands, natural habitats and forestlands that are typically found in Level 4 Areas while avoiding the creation of isolated development areas that cannot be served effectively or efficiently by public transportation, emergency responders, and other public services.

DelDOT strongly supports new development in and around existing towns and municipalities and in areas designated as growth zones in approved Comprehensive Plans. We encourage the use of transfer of development rights where this growth management tool is available.

If this development proposal is approved, notwithstanding inconsistencies with the relevant plans and policies, DelDOT will provide further technical review and comments.

The Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control – Contact: Kevin Coyle 739-9071

Investment Level 4 Policy Statement

This project is proposed for an Investment Level 4 area as defined by the *Strategies for State Policies and Spending* and is also located outside of a designated growth area in the relevant municipal and county certified comprehensive plans. According to the *Strategies* this project is inappropriate in this location. In Investment Level 4 areas, the State's investments and policies, from DNREC's perspective, should retain the rural landscape and preserve open spaces and farmlands. Open space investments should emphasize the protection of critical natural habitat and wildlife to support a diversity of species, and the protection of present and future water supplies. Open space investments should also provide for recreational activities, while helping to define growth areas. Additional state investments in water and wastewater systems should be limited to existing or imminent public health, safety or environmental risks only, with little provision for additional capacity to accommodate further development.

With continued development in Investment Level 4 areas, the State will have a difficult, if not impossible, time attaining water quality (e.g., TMDLs) and air quality (e.g., non-attainment areas for ozone and fine particulates) goals. Present and future investments in green infrastructure, as defined in Governor Minner's Executive Order No. 61, will be threatened. DNREC strongly supports new development in and around existing towns and municipalities and in areas designated as growth zones in certified Comprehensive Plans. We encourage the use of transfer of development rights where this growth management tool is available.

This particular development certainly compromises the integrity of the State Strategies and the preservation goals inherent in many of DNREC's programs. Of particular concern are the project's location in an excellent recharge area, and tax ditch rights-of-way. While mitigating measures such as conservation design, central wastewater systems instead of individual on-site septic systems, and other best management practices may help mitigate impacts from this project, not doing the project at all is the best avenue for avoiding negative impacts. As such, this project will receive no financial, technical or other support of any kind from DNREC. Any required permits or other authorizations for this project shall be considered in light of the project's conflict with our State growth strategies.

Water Supply

The project information sheets state that an individual on-site well will be used to provide water for the proposed project. Our records indicate that the project is not located in an area where public water service is available. There is a Domestic well permit #197430-W issued for the above reference project and it currently meets the required isolation distances for its domestic uses. Based on the proposed use of this well, it will have to be re-classified to a Miscellaneous Public/Public use provided the isolation distances are met. A minimum isolation distance of 150 feet is required between the well and any potential source of contamination, such as a septic tank and sewage disposal area. The Division of Water Resources will consider applications for the construction of on-site wells provided the wells can be constructed and located in compliance with all requirements of the Regulations Governing the Construction and Use of Wells. A well construction permit must be obtained prior to constructing any wells.

Should dewatering points be needed during any phase of construction, a dewatering well construction permit must be obtained from the Water Supply Section prior to construction of the well points. In addition, a water allocation permit will be needed if the pumping rate will exceed 50,000 gallons per day at any time during operation.

All well permit applications must be prepared and signed by licensed water well contractors, and only licensed well drillers may construct the wells. Please factor in the necessary time for processing the well permit applications into the construction schedule. Dewatering well permit applications typically take approximately four weeks to process, which allows the necessary time for technical review and advertising.

Should you have any questions concerning these comments, please contact Rick Rios at 302-739-9944.

Water Resource Protection Areas

The Water Supply Section has determined that a substantial portion of the parcel falls within an excellent ground-water recharge area for Sussex County (see following map and attached map). The application proposes rezoning from AR-1 (Agricultural Residential District) to C-1 (General Commercial District) with the intent of building warehouse/office space.

Excellent Ground-Water Recharge Areas are those areas mapped by the Delaware Geological Survey where the first 20 feet of subsurface soils and geologic materials are exceptionally sandy. These soils are able to transmit water very quickly from the land surface to the water table. This map category (excellent) is an indicator of how fast contaminants will move and how much water may become contaminated (Andres, 2004). Land use activities or impervious cover on areas of excellent ground-water recharge potential may adversely affect the quality and quantity of ground water in these areas.

The proposed project will change the land use from Agricultural to General Commercial with the intent of building a warehouse and office space. No site plans submitted with the application. This proposed land use has the potential to introduce petroleum hydrocarbons that are associated with this type of land use (DNREC, 1999).

The applicant does not state the change in impervious surfaces as requested on the PLUS application. This type of land use has the potential to exceed DNREC recommendations for impervious surface.

The Water Supply Section recommends that the portion of the new development within the excellent ground-water recharge potential protection area not exceed 20% impervious cover. Some allowance for augmenting ground-water recharge should be considered if the impervious cover exceeds 20% but is less than 50% of that portion of the parcel within this area provided the applicant submits an environmental assessment recommending a climatic water budget and facilities to augment recharge. The

environmental assessment must document that post-development recharge will be no less than predevelopment recharge when computed on an annual basis (Kauffman, 2005).

Ideally, relocating any open space areas to the part of the parcel within the excellent ground-water recharge area would decrease the total impervious area. Augmenting the groundwater recharge with clean rooftop run-off systems are another alternative to maintaining the quality and quantity of water recharging the aquifer (Kauffman, 2005).

In addition, because the excellent ground water recharge area can so quickly affect the underlying aquifer if contaminants are spilled or discharged across the area, the storage of hazardous substances or wastes should not be allowed within the area unless specific approval is obtained from the relevant state, federal, or local program.

References

Andres, A. Scott, 2004, Ground-Water Recharge Potential Mapping in Kent and Sussex Counties, Delaware: Delaware Geological Survey Report of Investigations No. 66, p. 14.

<http://www.udel.edu/dgs/Publications/pubform.html#investigations>

Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control (2005): *Source Water Protection Guidance Manual for the Local Governments of Delaware*: Dover, DE, 144 p.

http://www.wr.udel.edu/publications/SWAPP/swapp_manual_final/swapp_guidance_manual_final.pdf

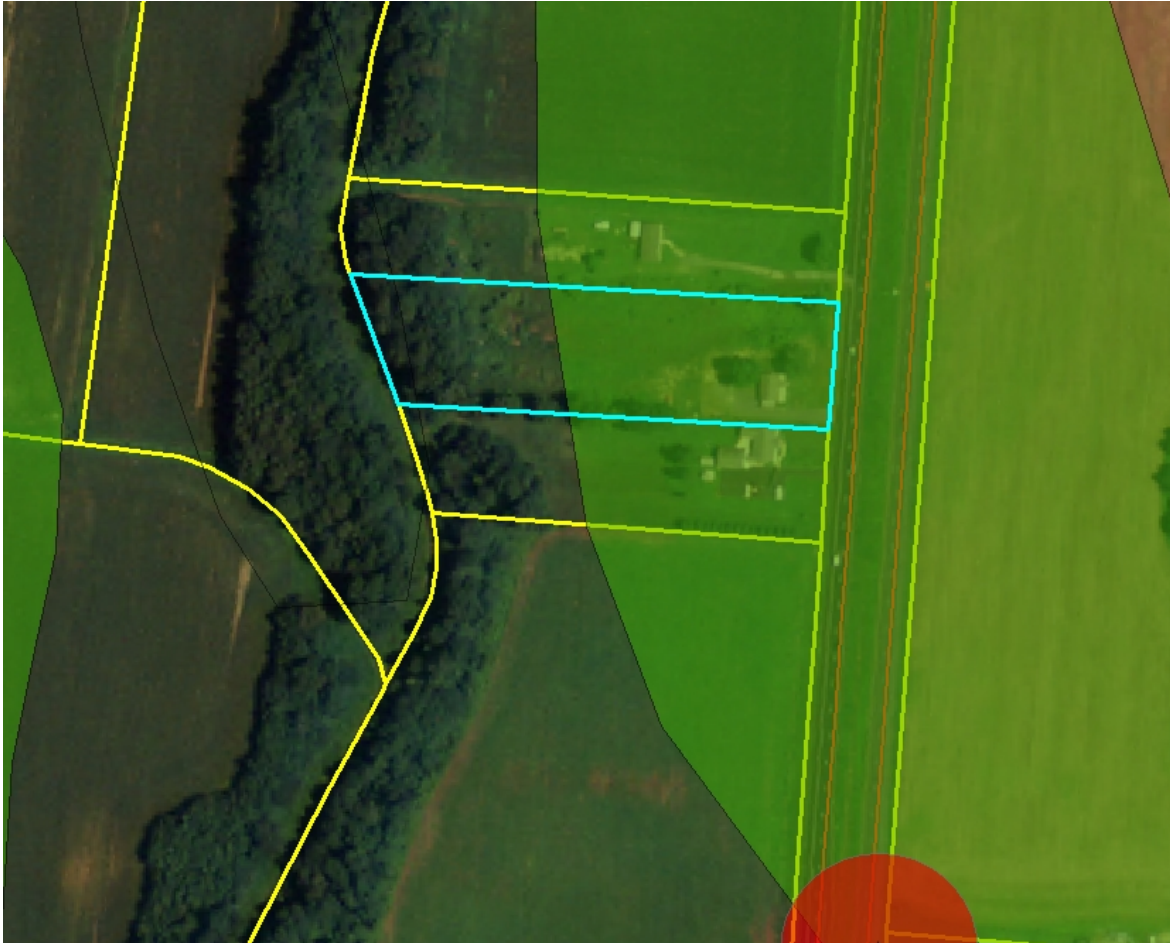
Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control. (1999). The State of Delaware Source Water Assessment Plan: Dover, DE, p. 301.

<http://www.wr.udel.edu/swaphome/publications.html>

Kauffman, G.J., Wozniak, S.L., and Vonck, K.J., 2005, *Delaware Ground-Water Recharge Design Manual*: Newark, DE, Water Resources Agency, University of Delaware, p. 31.

<http://www.wr.udel.edu/swaphome/Publications/SWPguidancemanual.html>

Map of David Lui (PLUS 2007-05-05) Excellent ground-water recharge potential area is highlighted in green. The parcel under review is outlined in blue.



Sediment and Erosion Control/Stormwater Management

A detailed sediment and stormwater plan will be required prior to any land disturbing activity taking place on the site. Contact the reviewing agency to schedule a pre-application meeting to discuss the sediment and erosion control and stormwater management components of the plan. The site topography, soils mapping, pre- and post-development runoff, and proposed method(s) and location(s) of stormwater management should be brought to the meeting for discussion. The plan review and approval as well as

construction inspection will be coordinated through the Sussex Conservation District. Contact the Sussex Conservation District at (302) 856-7219 for details regarding submittal requirements and fees.

Drainage

1. This project is within the Nanticoke River Tax Ditch and the Bee Branch Tax Ditch. This property has tax ditch right-of-way on the western side of the property. Please contact the Drainage Program in Georgetown at (302) 855-1930 for a tax ditch rights-of-way inquiry.
2. Contact the Drainage Program in Georgetown at (302) 855-1930 if onsite stormwater will be released into the Bee Branch Tax Ditch.
3. The Drainage Program requests that the engineer take precautions to ensure the project does not hinder any off site drainage upstream of the project or create any off site drainage problems downstream by the release of on site storm water. The Drainage Program requests that the engineer check existing downstream ditches and pipes for function and blockages prior to the construction. Notify downstream landowners of the change in volume of water released on them.
4. Have all drainage easements recorded on deeds and place restrictions on obstructions within the easements to ensure access for periodic maintenance or future re-construction. Future property owners may not be aware of a drainage easement on their property if the easement is only on the record plan. However, by recording the drainage easement on the deed, the second owner, and any subsequent owner of the property, will be fully aware of the drainage easement on their property.

For questions or clarifications, please contact Jim Sullivan at (302) 739-9921.

Forest Preservation

DNREC has never surveyed this site; therefore, it is unknown if there are state-rare or federally listed plants, animals or natural communities at this project site. They do recommend that the applicant maintain the forested riparian buffer along Grubby Neck Branch to protect water quality, provide wildlife habitat and travel corridors. This buffer should be at a minimum 100 feet in width, although retaining the entire forested area would be preferable.

State Fire Marshal's Office – Contact: Duane Fox 856-5298

These comments are intended for informational use only and do not constitute any type of approval from the Delaware State Fire Marshal's Office. At the time of formal submittal, the applicant shall provide; completed application, fee, and three sets of plans depicting the following in accordance with the Delaware State Fire Prevention Regulation (DSFPR):

a. **Fire Protection Water Requirements:**

- Water distribution system capable of delivering at least 1500 gpm for 2-hour duration, at 20-psi residual pressure is required. Fire hydrants with 800 feet spacing on centers.
- Where a water distribution system is proposed for (Storage/Industrial/Mercantile) sites, the infrastructure for fire protection water shall be provided, including the size of water mains for fire hydrants and sprinkler systems.

b. **Fire Protection Features:**

- All structures over 10,000 sqft aggregate will require automatic sprinkler protection installed.
- Buildings greater than 10,000 sqft, 3-stories or more, over 35 feet, or classified as High Hazard, are required to meet fire lane marking requirements
- Show Fire Department Connection location (Must be within 300 feet of fire hydrant), and detail as shown in the DSFPR.
- Show Fire Lanes and Sign Detail as shown in DSFPR

c. **Accessibility**

- All premises, which the fire department may be called upon to protect in case of fire, and which are not readily accessible from public roads, shall be provided with suitable gates and access roads, and fire lanes so that all buildings on the premises are accessible to fire apparatus.
- Fire department access shall be provided in such a manner so that fire apparatus will be able to locate within 100 ft. of the front door.
- Any dead end road more than 300 feet in length shall be provided with a turn-around or cul-de-sac arranged such that fire apparatus will be able to turn around by making not more than one backing maneuver. The minimum paved radius of the cul-de-sac shall be 38 feet. The dimensions of the cul-de-sac or turn-around shall be shown on the final plans. Also, please be advised that parking is prohibited in the cul-de-sac or turn around.

- The use of speed bumps or other methods of traffic speed reduction must be in accordance with Department of Transportation requirements.
 - The local Fire Chief, prior to any submission to our Agency, shall approve in writing the use of gates that limit fire department access into and out of the development or property.
- d. **Gas Piping and System Information:**
- Provide type of fuel proposed, and show locations of bulk containers on plan.
- e. **Required Notes:**
- Provide a note on the final plans submitted for review to read “ All fire lanes, fire hydrants, and fire department connections shall be marked in accordance with the Delaware State Fire Prevention Regulations”
 - Proposed Use
 - Alpha or Numerical Labels for each building/unit for sites with multiple buildings/units
 - Square footage of each structure (Total of all Floors)
 - National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Construction Type
 - Maximum Height of Buildings (including number of stories)
 - Note indicating if building is to be sprinklered
 - Name of Water Provider
 - Letter from Water Provider approving the system layout
 - Provide Lock Box Note (as detailed in DSFPR) if Building is to be sprinklered
 - Provide Road Names, even for County Roads

Preliminary meetings with fire protection specialists are encouraged prior to formal submittal. Please call for appointment. Applications and brochures can be downloaded from our website: www.delawarestatefiremarshal.com, technical services link, plan review, applications or brochures.

Department of Agriculture - Contact: Scott Blaier 698-4500

The Department is opposed to commercial development in areas designated as Investment Level 4 under the *Strategies for State Policies and Spending*. The *Strategies* do not support isolated “spot zoning” in these areas. The intent of this plan is to preserve the agricultural lands, forestlands, recreational uses, and open spaces that are preferred uses in Level 4 areas. The Department of Agriculture opposes development which conflicts with the preferred

land uses, making it more difficult for agriculture and forestry to succeed, and increases the cost to the public for services and facilities.

More importantly, the Department of Agriculture opposes this project because it negatively impacts those land uses that are the backbone of Delaware's resource industries - agriculture, forestry, horticulture - and the related industries they support. Often new residents of developments like this one, with little understanding or appreciation for modern agriculture and forestry, find their own lifestyles in direct conflict with the demands of these industries. Often these conflicts result in compromised health and safety; one example being decreased highway safety with farm equipment and cars competing on rural roads. The crucial economic, environmental and open space benefits of agriculture and forestry are compromised by such development. We oppose the creation of isolated development areas that are inefficient in terms of the full range of public facilities and services funded with public dollars. Public investments in areas such as this are best directed to agricultural and forestry preservation.

A large portion of this site has been designated as having "excellent" ground-water recharge potential. DNREC has mapped all ground-water recharge-potential recharge areas for the state, and an "excellent" rating designates an area as having important groundwater recharge qualities.

Senate Bill 119, enacted by the 141st General Assembly in June of 2001, requires the counties and municipalities with over 2,000 people to adopt as part of the update and implementation of their 2007 comprehensive land use plans, areas delineating excellent ground-water recharge potential areas. Furthermore, the counties and municipalities are required to adopt regulations by December 31, 2007 governing land uses within those areas to preserve ground-water quality and quantity.

Maintaining pervious cover in excellent and good recharge areas is crucial for the overall environmental health of our state and extremely important to efforts which ensure a safe drinking water supply for future generations. Retention of pervious cover to ensure an adequate future water supply is also important for the future viability of agriculture in the First State. The loss of every acre of land designated as "excellent" and "good" recharge areas adversely impacts the future prospects for agriculture in Delaware. The developer should make every effort to protect and maintain valuable ground-water recharge potential areas.

The Delaware Department of Agriculture supports growth which expands and builds on existing urban areas and growth zones in approved State, county and local plans. Where additional land preservation can occur through the use of transfer of development rights, and other land use measures, we will support these efforts and work with developers to

implement these measures. If this project is approved we will work with the developers to minimize impacts to the agricultural and forestry industries.

Right Tree for the Right Place

The Delaware Department of Agriculture Forest Service encourages the developer to use the “Right Tree for the Right Place” for any design considerations. This concept allows for the proper placement of trees to increase property values in upwards of 25% of appraised value and will reduce heating and cooling costs on average by 20 to 35 dollars per month. In addition, a landscape design that encompasses this approach will avoid future maintenance cost to the property owner and ensure a lasting forest resource.

Native Landscapes

The Delaware Department of Agriculture and the Delaware Forest Service encourages the developer to use native trees and shrubs to buffer the property from the adjacent land-use activities near this site. A properly designed forested buffer can create wildlife habitat corridors and improve air quality to the area by removing six to eight tons of carbon dioxide annually and will clean our rivers and creeks of storm-water run-off pollutants. To learn more about acceptable native trees and how to avoid plants considered invasive to our local landscapes, please contact the Delaware Department of Agriculture Plant Industry Section at (302) 698-4500.

Public Service Commission - Contact: Andrea Maucher 739-4247

Any expansion of natural gas or installation of a closed propane system must fall within Pipeline Safety guidelines. Contact: Malak Michael at (302) 739-4247.

Department of Education – Contact: John Marinucci 735-4055

This proposed development is within the Woodbridge School District. This is a commercial/industrial development with no apparent impact on educational infrastructure, capacity or demand. DOE recognizes that this development project is in level 4 of the State Strategies for Policies and Spending and as such, DOE does not support the approval of this rezoning/project.

Sussex County – Contact: Richard Kautz 855-7878

If the rezoning to CR-1 is approved, the following should be addressed in the site design:

This year Sussex County will be considering implementation of a Source Water Protection Program required by the State. Depending on the requirements adopted by the County Council this project might be affected.

The site plan should also show compliance with the Route 13 Highway Corridor Overlay as required by 115-194.1 of the County Code, where applicable.

The Sussex County Zoning Ordinance Section 115-166 C states, "Parking within front yard setback shall be discouraged and subject to site plan review." The developer should be aware that the Planning and Zoning Commission is reluctant to approved parking in the front setback and so the design should be revised to show compliance with the setback requirement.

Due to the probable existence of excellent recharge on the site, the developer should prohibit the discharge of roof drains to impervious surfaces; require the segregation and treatment of roof run-off from mechanical system prior to discharge to the recharge area, and use best management practices to ensure that land uses and activities are conducted in such a way as to minimize the impact on, and reduce the risk of contamination to, excellent recharge areas.

The Sussex County Engineer Comments:

An individual onsite system is proposed to serve a proposed warehouse on the 3 acre site. The applicant proposes a rezoning from AR to C1.

The proposed project is within the boundaries of the Western Sussex Planning Area boundary. Sussex County is currently conducting a planning study to determine expected needs of the planning area. The planning study is anticipated to be completed by fall 2007. Sussex County has no objection to the project being served with an onsite system.

If Sussex County ever provides sewer service, it is required that the treatment system be abandoned and a direct connection made to the County system at the developers and/or owners expense.

For questions regarding these comments, contact Rob Davis, Sussex County Engineering Department at (302) 855-1299.

Following receipt of this letter and upon filing of an application with the local jurisdiction, the applicant shall provide to the local jurisdiction and the Office of State Planning Coordination a written response to comments received as a result of

the pre-application process, noting whether comments were incorporated into the project design or not and the reason therefore.

Thank you for the opportunity to review this project. If you have any questions, please contact me at 302-739-3090.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Constance C. Holland". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Constance" being more prominent.

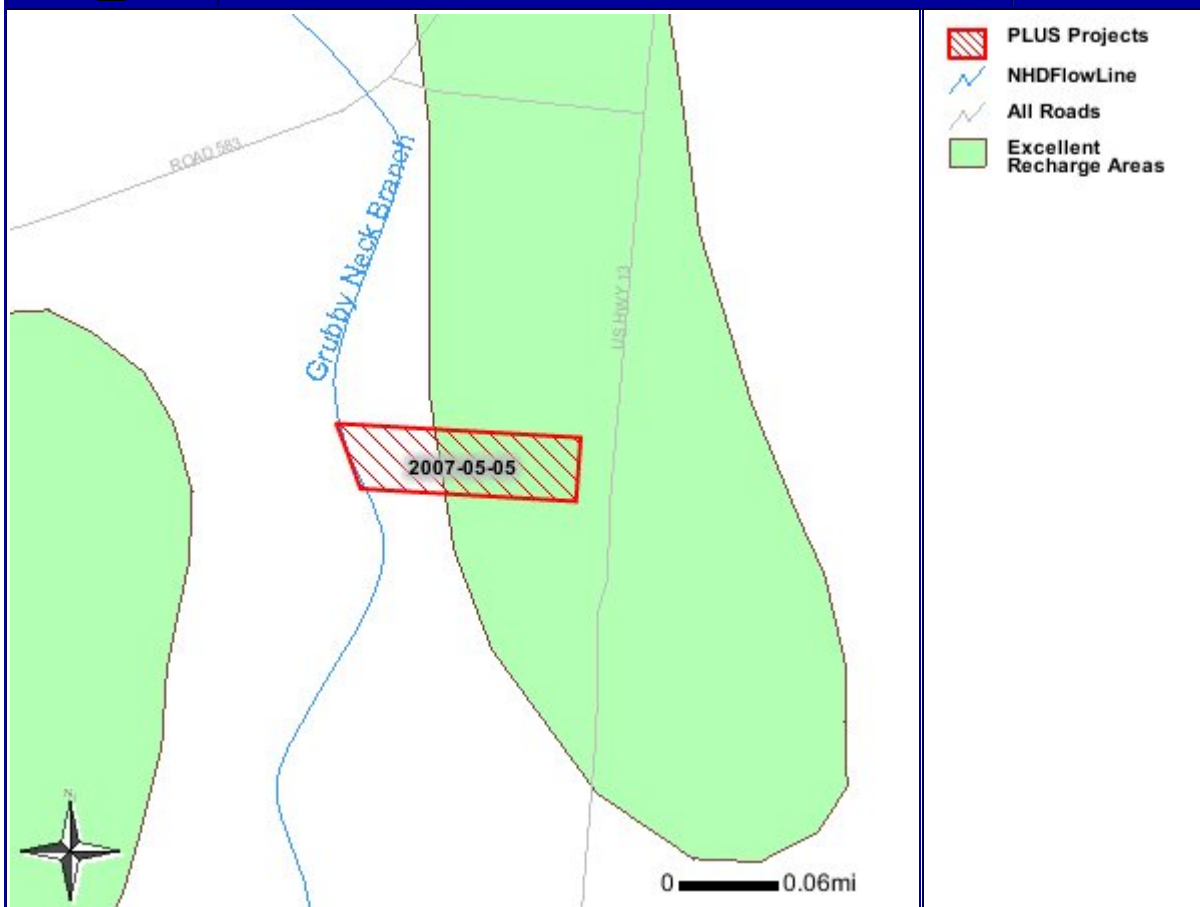
Constance C. Holland, AICP
Director

CC: Sussex County



David Lui

2007-05-05



This map was produced by the Delaware Department of Natural Resources and Environmental Control.

